## Caring for your 2-month-old baby

Optimum Internal Medicine & Pediatrics

Dr. Christopher Burress Board certified Internal Medicine and Pediatrics

| Name            |  | Weight   | Height   | Date |
|-----------------|--|--|--|------|
|                 | K  | eep Your Baby Saf  | Ĉe   |      |
| Use a Car Seat  | Install it properly in the back seat facing backwards.   |  |  |      |
| Use a Safe Crib | <ul> <li>Make sure the space between the slats is less than 2½ inches.</li> <li>Don't use a crib with sharp edges that your baby can hit.</li> </ul>   |  |  |      |
| Suffocation     | <ul> <li>Place your baby on his back to sleep.</li> <li>Don't string toys across the crib or playpen.</li> <li>Don't give your baby toys with small, removable parts (like buttons) or toys that fit completely in her mouth.</li> <li>Don't leave your baby on a waterbed or beanbag pillow.</li> </ul> |  |  |      |
| and<br>Drowning | <ul> <li>Don't leave your baby alor</li> <li>Don't leave your baby alor</li> <li>Don't use walkers.</li> <li>Set the water heater therm</li> <li>Make sure you have smok</li> <li>Keep your baby away from</li> </ul>  | e on a changing table or a<br>nostat so that the water is<br>the detectors on your ceiling | ny other surface that<br>not hotter than 120°<br>ng. Check twice a y |      |

- Don't hold your baby when you are drinking something hot (like coffee).
- <u>Never shake, toss or hit your baby</u>.

## **Provide Healthy Nutrition**

- Breast milk or infant formula is all your baby needs. A healthy baby does not need vitamins.
- Talk with your health care provider if your baby uses a "low iron" formula.
- Feed your baby every 2 to 4 hours. Keep nighttime feedings quiet and as short as possible.
- Don't prop a bottle in your baby's mouth.
- Spitting up is normal. Burp frequently to decrease the amount your baby spits up.
- Don't give solid food.
- You don't need to warm up refrigerated formula, but your baby may like it more.



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## **Practice Healthy Parenting and Care-giving**

| Encourage<br>Healthy<br>Development   | <ul> <li>Play with and hold your baby as much as possible—you cannot spoil her.</li> <li>Excite your baby's sense of sight. Give her an unbreakable mirror to look at. Move objects (like your face or a toy) slowly in front of her face.</li> <li>Excite your baby's sense of touch. Let her touch objects with different textures (like soft, hard, glossy or furry).</li> <li>Excite your baby's sense of hearing. Talk and sing to her. Give her objects that make noise (like a bell or rattle).</li> </ul> |
|---|---|
| Deal With<br>Crying   | Does he want to be held? Is he too <i>stimulated</i> (from too much touch, noise or light)? Is he in pain (like from gas in the belly)? Does he have a fever?"  |
| Sleep<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>•<br>• | <ul> <li>Place your baby <u>on his back</u> in the crib when he is drowsy <u>but still awake</u>.</li> <li>During the day, don't let your baby sleep more than three hours in a row.</li> <li>Don't change your baby's diaper in the middle of the night unless she has pooped or has a rash.</li> <li>If your baby boy is uncircumcised, don't try to pull back his foreskin.</li> <li>Bathe your baby every other day, at most. Use warm water and mild baby soap.</li> </ul>                                   |
| Prevent<br>Sickness —<br>Identify It<br>Early   | <ul> <li><u>Keep your baby away from cigarette smoke</u>. Do not smoke with the baby in the car; do not smoke in the home.</li> <li>Don't let someone touch your baby unless he first washes his hands.</li> <li>Call the clinic right away if your baby has a fever, is coughing a lot or may be dehydrated. A fever is a rectal temperature of 100.4°F or higher. A dehydrated baby has fewer than five wet diapers a day, cries without making tears, or has dry lips and a pasty mouth.</li> </ul>            |

## Development

All babies develop at their own rate. At this age you may notice that your baby:

- Smiles and coos at you
- Turns his or her head toward your voice
- Follows an object with his or her eyes
- Raises his or her head while lying on tummy
- Shows better head control
- Grasps a rattle briefly

Your baby's next visit is when he is about 4-months-old. At this check-up he will get his second set of immunizations (shots). Remember to bring your baby's shot record with you. Read the shot handouts given to at time of visit. Bring acetaminophen for infants with you to the next visit.